

GATE PSUs

State Engg. Exams

**MADE EASY
workbook 2024**



**Detailed Explanations of
Try Yourself Questions**

Chemical Engineering

Process Calculation



1

Basic Chemical Calculations



**Detailed Explanation
of
Try Yourself Questions**

T1 : Solution

[Ans : (i) 24.44, (ii) 2.95]

For ideal gas [Volume% = Mole%]

$$\text{Mole fraction of CH}_4 = \frac{66}{100} = 0.66$$

$$\text{Mole fraction of CO}_2 = \frac{30}{100} = 0.30$$

$$\text{Mole fraction of NH}_3 = \frac{4}{100} = 0.04$$

$$M_{\text{avg.}} = \text{Average molecular weight of gas} \\ = 16 \times 0.66 + 44 \times 0.30 + 0.04 \times 17 = 24.44$$

$$\rho = \text{Density of gas} = \frac{PM_{\text{avg}}}{RT}$$

$$P_{\text{abs}} = 202.65 + 101.325 = 303.975 \text{ kPa}$$

$$T = 303 \text{ K}, M_{\text{avg}} = 24.44$$

$$\rho = \frac{303.975 \times 24.44}{8.314 \times 303} = 2.95 \text{ kg/m}^3$$

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2

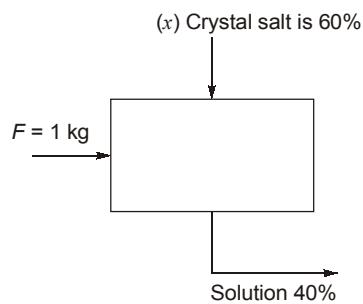
Material Balances with and Without Chemical Reactions



Detailed Explanation of Try Yourself Questions

T1 : Solution

[Ans : (1)]



$$\% \text{ Salt in crystal} = \frac{135}{135 + 5 \times 18} = 0.6$$

$$1 \times 0.2 + k \times 0.60 = (1 + x) \times 0.40$$

$x = 1 \text{ kg crystal}$

100

3

Recycle, Purge and Bypass Operation

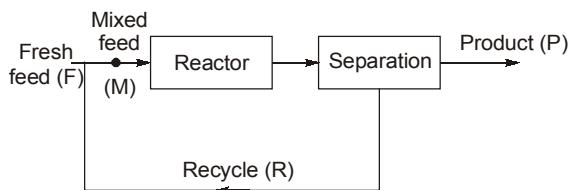


Detailed Explanation of Try Yourself Questions

T1 : Solution

(Ans : 8.54, 195 kmol)

Assuming 100 kmol of C₃H₈ as fresh feed.



By propane balance:

$$(100 + R \times 0.9947) \times 0.9 = P \times 0.026 + R \times 0.9947 \quad \dots \text{(i)}$$

$$(100 + R \times 0.9947) \times 0.1 = P \times 0.487 \quad \dots \text{(ii)}$$

On solving equation (i) and (ii)

$$R = 853.84 \text{ kmol}$$

$$P = 195 \text{ kmol}$$

(a) Ratio of recycle to feed = $\frac{853.84}{100} = 8.54$

(b) Quantity of product stream in kmol per 100 kmol of fresh feed is 195 kmol.



4

Energy Balance



Detailed Explanation of Try Yourself Questions

T1 : Solution

(Ans : 92600 kJ/hr)

Basis 100 mol of A as feed

Product contains: $C = 200 \text{ mol}$, $D = 300 \text{ mol}$, $B = 50 \text{ mol}$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Heat of reaction at } 300^\circ\text{C} &= \text{Enthalpy of products} - \text{Enthalpy of reactants} + \text{Std. heat of reaction} \\ &= (200 \times 12 + 300 \times 15 + 50 \times 10) - 0 - 100 \times 10^3 \\ &= -92600 \text{ kJ/hr}\end{aligned}$$

Heat transferred from the reactor = 92600 kJ/hr.



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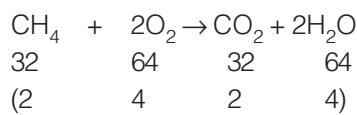
Combustion



Detailed Explanation of Try Yourself Questions

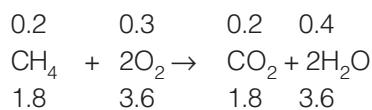
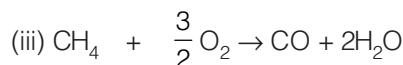
T1 : Solution

(i) 552.38 kg, (ii) 505.6 kg (N₂), (iii) 691.2 kg



$$(i) \frac{4}{0.21} \times 29 = 552.38 \text{ kg air}$$

$$(ii) \frac{4.8}{0.21} \times 0.79 \times 28 = 505.6 \text{ kg (N}_2)$$



Now, effluent streams

CO₂ → 1.8 kmol → 79.2 kg

CO → 0.2 kmol → 5.6 kg

H₂O → 4 kmol → 72 kg

O₂ → 0.9 kmol → 28.8 kg

N₂ → 505.6 kg

Total = 691.2 kg

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