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BUILDING MATERIALS

CIVIL ENGINEERING

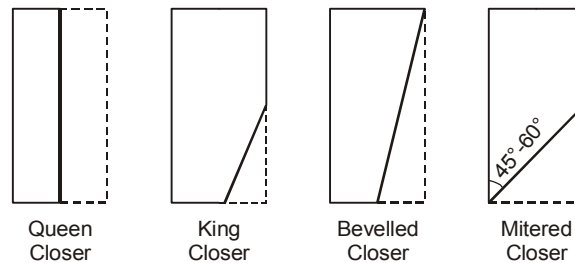
Date of Test : 05/02/2023

ANSWER KEY >

- | | | | | |
|--------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| 1. (d) | 6. (a) | 11. (b) | 16. (b) | 21. (d) |
| 2. (d) | 7. (d) | 12. (b) | 17. (c) | 22. (a) |
| 3. (c) | 8. (c) | 13. (b) | 18. (b) | 23. (c) |
| 4. (c) | 9. (b) | 14. (b) | 19. (b) | 24. (a) |
| 5. (b) | 10. (d) | 15. (b) | 20. (c) | 25. (d) |

1. (d)
Silica affect final setting time.

2. (d)



3. (c)
- High aggregate cement ratio will result lean mix.
 - Excess compaction leads to segregation.
4. (c)
- White patches over steam signifies druxiness.
 - Abnormal growth or projection signifies burls
 - Crushed fiber in transverse direction are upsets.
 - Yellow-red tinge surrounding heartwood signifies Foxiness.

6. (a)

Consistency	Slump (mm)
Moist earth	0
Very dry	0 - 25
Dry	25 - 50
Plastic	50 - 100
Semi fluid	100 - 175

7. (d)
- Use of lime makes the paste more plastic in nature hence increases workability and water rententivity and reduce shrinkage.
 - Use of two binding material, induces better binding property in mortar and imparts better resistance against frost action.

8. (c)

$$M = t \times 24 \times [T - (-11)]$$

$$0.6 \times 19800 = 15 \times 24 \times [T - (-11)]$$

$$T = 22^\circ\text{C}$$

9. (b)
Sheesham is deciduous tree, contains distinct medullary rays.

10. (d)
Excess alumina absorb water and impart crack during drying.

11. (b)

- Excess mixing causes bleeding.
- Smaller the size of cube, more than strength but far from true value.
- Rough angular aggregate impart better strength due to interlocking.

12. (b)

Class B lime is semi hydraulic lime contains clay percentage on lesser side, i.e. 8% - 15%, results in slower rate of slacking and setting.

13. (b)

- LSF↓ C_2S ↑ Rate of gain in strength ↓
- Adsorbed water, gel pores water and interlayer water is responsible for evaporation.

14. (b)

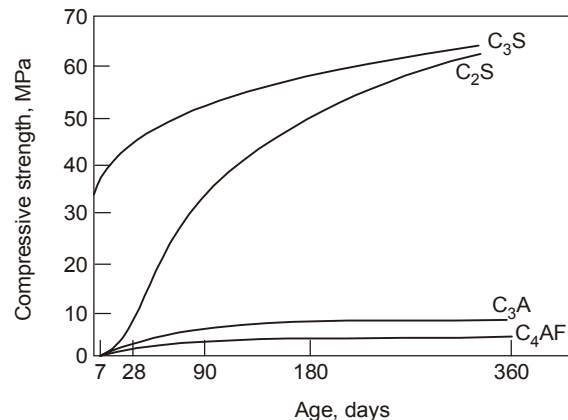
$$\text{Number of bricks} = \frac{1 \times 10^6}{(23 + 1) \times (11.6 + 1) \times (7.4 + 1)}$$

$$= 393.67$$

$$\text{Volume of bricks} = 393.67 \times 23 \times 11.6 \times 7.4 \times 10^{-6} = 0.7772 \text{ m}^3$$

$$\text{Volume of Mortar} = 1 - 0.7772 = 0.2227 \text{ m}^3$$

15. (b)



16. (b)

- Portland pozzolana cement is combination of cement clinker and granulated blast furnace slag as pozzolonic material, so known as binary cement.
- RHC is finer OPC with higher C_3S .
- Sulphate resisting is finer OPC with less C_3A .

17. (c)

- High refractory timber are very difficult to seasons.
- Application of sodium silicate, known as Sir Able's process, used to make timber fire resistive.

18. (b)

- Ferrocement is prepared by cement mortar retains mesh fo steel wires of diameter 0.5 - 1 mm.
- Alumina works as flux and reduces temperature required to fuse lime and silica together during burning.

19. (b)

Weight of 1 m³ concrete mix = 2500 kg

$$2500 = C + 3 C + 5.5 C + 0.5 C$$

$$C = \frac{2500}{1 + 3 + 5.5 + 0.5} = 250 \text{ kg}$$

$$\text{Number of cement bags} = \frac{250}{50} = 5 \text{ bags}$$

20. (c)

- Setting time for PPC and RHC is same, as both are fiber than OPC.
- For QSC it is just 5 minutes.
- LHC has less amount of C₃A, which delayed initial set.

22. (a)

X-ray shielding mortar are heavy weight mortar (> 2200 kg/m³) prepared with cement and heavy weight aggregates like geothite, hematite, limonite, iron shot etc.

23. (c)

Lower water powder ratio imparts strength and replacing cement with fly ash helps in enhancing workability.

24. (a)

- C₃A reduced in LHC in order to reduce heat but it also reduces rate of setting
- C₂S increased in order to compensate loss of strength, but it reduces rate of gain in strength.

25. (d)

Bacterial concrete is prepared by adding calcium lactate, forms precipitate of celcite, which heals the cracks itself.

