

CLASS TEST

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S.No. : 01 SK1_ME_GX_170719

Power Plant



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CLASS TEST 2019-2020

MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

Date of Test : 17/07/2019

ANSWER KEY > Power Plant

1. (c)	7. (d)	13. (a)	19. (a)	25. (c)
2. (a)	8. (b)	14. (a)	20. (c)	26. (d)
3. (a)	9. (d)	15. (a)	21. (d)	27. (c)
4. (b)	10. (a)	16. (a)	22. (c)	28. (d)
5. (d)	11. (b)	17. (b)	23. (c)	29. (a)
6. (a)	12. (d)	18. (d)	24. (a)	30. (b)

DETAILED EXPLANATIONS

1. (c)

$$\text{Work ratio, } w_r = \frac{W_{Net}}{W_T} = 1 - \frac{T_{min}}{T_{max}} (r_p)^{\frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma}} = 1 - \frac{310}{1075} \times (6)^{\frac{0.4}{1.4}} = 0.52$$

3. (a)

$$\begin{aligned} \eta_{plant} &= \eta_{boiler} \times \eta_{turbine} \times \eta_{electric\ generator} \times \eta_{cycle} \times \eta_{auxiliaries} \\ \Rightarrow 0.25 &= 0.96 \times 0.95 \times 0.92 \times 0.5 \times \eta_{auxiliaries} \\ \eta_{auxiliaries} &= 0.6 = 60\% \end{aligned}$$

4. (b)

$$\text{Internal power developed} = m \times \Delta h_{isen} \times \eta_{gs} = 15 \times 450 \times 0.9 = 6075 \text{ kW}$$

5. (d)

Efficiency decreases with increase in pressure ratio.

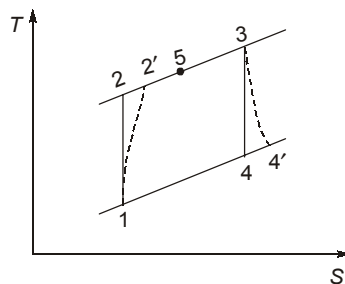
7. (d)

$$\begin{aligned} P_2 &= \sqrt{P_1 P_3} = \sqrt{20 \times 1.1} \\ \Rightarrow P_2 &= 4.7 \text{ bar} \end{aligned}$$

8. (b)

$$\text{Actual work input} = \frac{\text{Ideal work input}}{\eta} = \frac{W}{\eta} = \frac{v_f(\Delta P)}{\eta} = \frac{P_2 - P_1}{\rho \eta} = \frac{(3000 - 80)}{1000 \times 0.85} = 3.43 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

11. (b)



Given, $\eta_{Regeneration} = 0.8$; $\eta_T = 0.8 = \eta_C$; $P_1 = 1 \text{ bar}$; $T_1 = 300 \text{ K}$; $T_3 = 1200$

$$r_p = \frac{P_2}{P_1} = 6$$

$$\Rightarrow P_2 = 6 \times 1 = 6 \text{ bar}$$

$$\left(\frac{T_2}{T_1}\right) = \left(\frac{P_2}{P_1}\right)^{\frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma}} = (6)^{\frac{0.4}{1.4}}$$

$$\Rightarrow T_2 = 500.55 \text{ K}$$

$$\frac{T_4}{T_3} = \left(\frac{P_4}{P_3}\right)^{\frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma}}$$

$$\Rightarrow T_4 = 1200 \times \left(\frac{1}{6}\right)^{0.4} = 719.2 \text{ K}$$

$$\eta_C = \frac{T_2 - T_1}{T_2' - T_1}$$

$$\Rightarrow 0.8 = \frac{500.6 - 300}{T_2' - 300}$$

$$\Rightarrow T_2' = 550.68 \text{ K}$$

$$\eta_T = \frac{T_4' - T_3}{T_4 - T_3}$$

$$\Rightarrow 0.8 = \frac{T_4' - 1200}{719.2 - 1200}$$

$$\Rightarrow T_4' = 815.36 \text{ K}$$

$$\eta_{\text{reg.}} = \frac{T_5 - T_2'}{T_4' - T_2'}$$

$$\Rightarrow 0.8 = \frac{T_5 - 550.68}{815.36 - 550.68}$$

$$\Rightarrow T_5 = 762.42 \text{ K}$$

$$\eta = \frac{W_T - W_C}{Q_s} = \frac{C_p(T_3 - T_4') - C_p(T_2' - T_1)}{C_p(T_3 - T_5)} = \frac{(1200 - 815.36) - (550.68 - 300)}{(1200 - 762.72)}$$

$$= 30.6 \%$$

12. (d)

$$Q_s = (h_3 - h_f) + (h_5 - h_4) = (3450 - 191.8) + (3560 - 3050)$$

$$= 3768.2 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

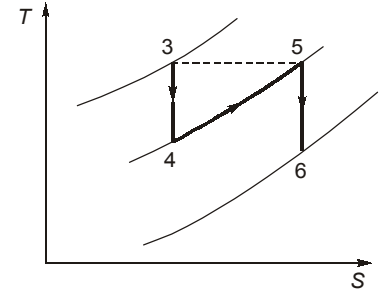
$$W = (h_3 - h_4) + (h_5 - h_6)$$

$$= (3450 - 3050) + (3560 - 2300)$$

$$= 1660 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

$$\eta_{\text{cycle}} = \frac{W}{Q_s} = \frac{1660}{3768.2} = 44.05 \%$$

$$\text{Steam rate} = \frac{3600}{W} = \frac{3600}{1660} = 2.17 \text{ kg/kWh}$$



13. (a)

Given,

$$h_3 = 2622.22$$

$$h_5 = 188.39$$

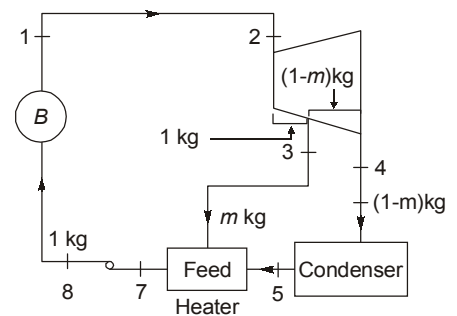
$$h_7 = 640.23$$

$$h_7 = mh_3 + (1-m)h_5$$

$$\Rightarrow 1 \times 640.23 = m \times 2622.22 + (1-m) \times 188.39$$

$$\Rightarrow m = \frac{h_7 - h_5}{h_3 - h_5}$$

$$= \frac{640.23 - 188.44}{2622.22 - 188.44} = 0.18856 \text{ kg/s}$$



14. (a)

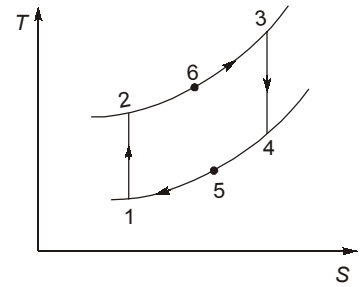
Given, $P_1 = 1 \text{ bar} = P_4$; $P_2 = 4 \text{ bar} = P_3$; $T_1 = 300 \text{ K}$;
 $T_2 = 450 \text{ K}$; $T_6 = 750 \text{ K}$; $T_3 = 1200 \text{ K}$

$$\frac{T_3}{T_4} = \left(\frac{P_3}{P_4} \right)^{\frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1200}{T_4} = \left(\frac{4}{1} \right)^{\frac{0.3}{1.3}}$$

$$\Rightarrow T_4 = 871.45$$

$$\epsilon = \frac{T_6 - T_2}{T_4 - T_2} = \frac{750 - 450}{871.45 - 450} = 0.71$$



15. (a)

$$T_2 = T_1 \times (r_p)^{\frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma}}$$

$$= 300 \times (5)^{\frac{0.4}{1.4}} = 475.15 \text{ K}$$

$$\eta_c = \frac{T_2 - T_1}{T_2' - T_1}$$

$$\Rightarrow 0.8 = \frac{475.15 - 300}{T_2' - 300}$$

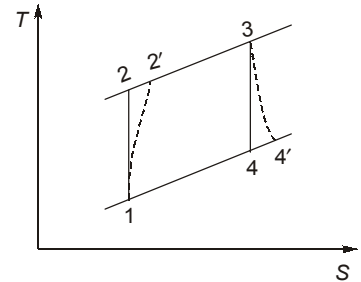
$$\Rightarrow T_2' = 519 \text{ K}$$

Heat supplied, $Q_s = C_p(T_3 - T_2) = 1.005(1100 - 519) = 584 \text{ kJ/kg}$ of air

As 10% of heating value is lost i.e. efficiency of heat is 90%. So, each kg of fuel contributes

$$0.9 \times 41800 = 37620 \text{ kJ}$$

$$\therefore \text{Air fuel ratio} = \frac{37620}{584} = 64.4$$



16. (a)

m is the amount of steam extracted per kg of steam.

$$h_0 = 3000 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

$$h_1 = 2600 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

$$h_2 = 2115 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

$$h_3 = h_{f2} = 140 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

$$h_5 = h_{f1} = 505 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

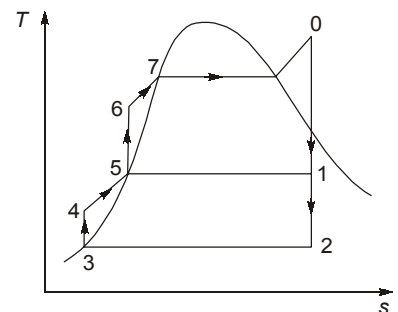
$$\text{Heat added} = h_0 - h_{f1} = 3000 - 505 = 2495 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

$$\text{Efficiency} = \eta = 34\% = 0.34$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{WD} = \eta \times \text{Heat added} = 848.3 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

$$(h_0 - h_1) + (1 - m)(h_1 - h_2) = 848.3$$

$$\Rightarrow (3000 - 2600) + (1 - m)(2600 - 2115) = 848.3$$



$$\Rightarrow 1 - m = 0.924$$

$$\text{Specific steam consumption} = \frac{3600}{WD/kg} = 4.24 \text{ kg/kWh}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Condenser duty (steam condensed in the condenser per unit work done)} \\ = (1 - m) \times 4.24 = 0.924 \times 4.24 = 3.92 \text{ kg/kWh} \end{aligned}$$

17. (b)

$$\text{Work developed in the turbine} = (h_5 - h_4) + (h_3 - h_2) + (1 - m)(h_2 - h_1)$$

18. (d)

$$T_1 = 300 \text{ K}, P_1 = 20 \text{ bar}$$

$$P_2 = 60 \text{ bar}, T_3 = 1273 \text{ K}$$

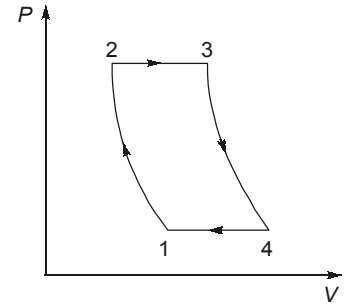
$$\frac{T_2}{T_1} = (3)^{0.667/1.667}$$

$$\Rightarrow T_2 = 465.6 \text{ K}$$

$$\frac{T_3}{T_4} = (3)^{0.667/1.667}$$

$$\Rightarrow T_4 = 820.2 \text{ K}$$

$$\begin{aligned} W_{\text{net}} &= Q_s - Q_R = C_p(T_3 - T_2) - C_p(T_4 - T_1) \\ &= 5.1926[(1273 - 465.6) - (820.2 - 300)] = 1491.3 \text{ kJ/kg} \end{aligned}$$



20. (c)

$$\eta_{\text{cycle}} = 1 - \sqrt{\frac{T_{\text{min}}}{T_{\text{max}}}} = 1 - \sqrt{\frac{300}{1073}} = 47.12\%$$

$$W_{\text{max}} = C_p [\sqrt{T_{\text{max}}} - \sqrt{T_{\text{min}}}]^2 = 1.005 [\sqrt{1073} - \sqrt{300}]^2 = 239.47 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

22. (c)

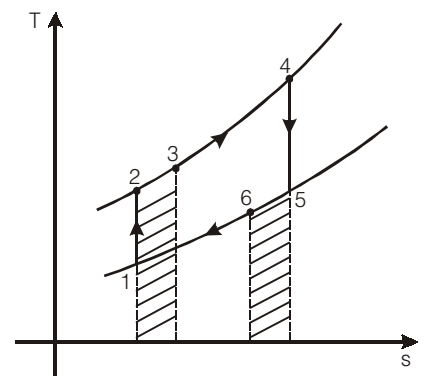
$$T_1 = 20^\circ\text{C}$$

$$T_4 = 900^\circ\text{C}$$

$$r = 1.3$$

$$r_p = 6$$

$$\begin{aligned} \eta &= 1 - \frac{T_1}{T_4} (r_p)^{\frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma}} = 1 - \frac{293}{1173} (6)^{\frac{0.3}{1.3}} \\ &= 0.6223 = 62.23\% \end{aligned}$$



23. (c)

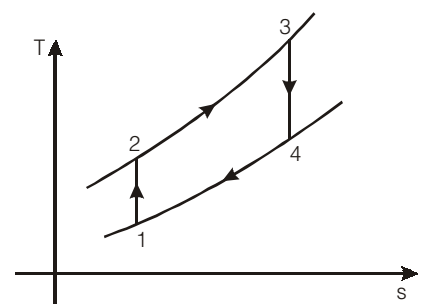
$$P_3 = P_2 = 1200 \text{ kPa}$$

$$P_1 = 100 \text{ kPa}$$

$$T_3 = 1273 \text{ K}$$

$$T_1 = 293 \text{ K}$$

$$\frac{T_2}{T_1} = \left(\frac{P_2}{P_1}\right)^{\frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma}}$$



$$\frac{T_2}{293} = \left(\frac{1200}{100}\right)^{\frac{0.667}{1.667}}$$

$$T_2 = 791.898 \text{ k}$$

$$\eta = 1 - \frac{1}{(r_p)^{\frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma}}} = \frac{W_{\text{net}}}{Q_s} = \frac{W_{\text{net}}}{C_p(T_3 - T_2)}$$

$$0.63 = \frac{W_{\text{net}}}{0.5203(1273 - 791.893)}$$

$$W_{\text{net}} = 157.69 \text{ kJ}$$

24. (a)

$$P_1 = 100 \text{ kPa}$$

$$P_2 = P_3 = 1 \text{ MPa}$$

$$T_1 = 298 \text{ K}$$

$$T_3 = 1200 \text{ K}$$

$$\frac{T_3}{T_4} = \left(\frac{P_3}{P_4}\right)^{\frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma}}$$

$$\frac{1200}{T_4} = (10)^{0.4/1.4}$$

⇒

25. (c)

$$h_1 = 3625.3 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

$$s_1 = s_2$$

$$6.9029 = s_{f2} + x_2 s_{fg2}$$

$$6.9029 = 0.5725 + x_2(7.6845)$$

⇒

$$x_2 = 0.82378$$

∴

$$h_2 = h_{f2} + x_2(h_{fg2})$$

$$= 167.57 + 0.82378(2406.7)$$

$$= 2150.16 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

Now, steam rate (\dot{m}_s) = $\frac{1}{(h_1 - h_2) - (h_4 - h_3)} = \frac{1}{3625.3 - 2150.16 - 10.06}$

$$= \frac{1}{1465.08} = 6.825 \times 10^{-4} \text{ kg/s/kW}$$

26. (d)

$$(W_{\text{net}})_{\text{max}} = ?$$

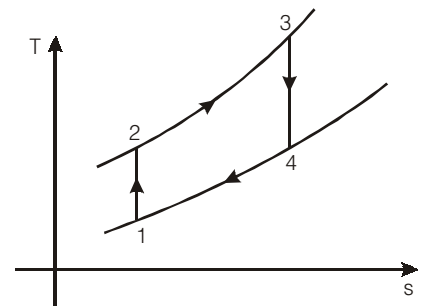
$$T_{\text{max}} = 800^\circ\text{C} = 1073 \text{ K}$$

$$T_{\text{min}} = 30^\circ\text{C} = 303 \text{ K}$$

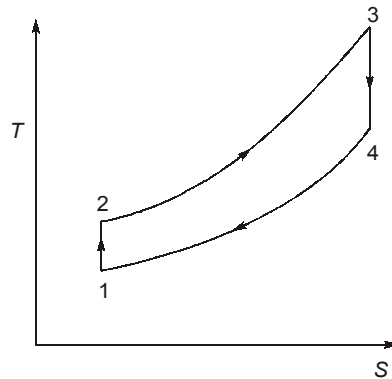
Now,

$$(W_{\text{net}})_{\text{max}} = c_p(\sqrt{T_{\text{max}}} - \sqrt{T_{\text{min}}})^2$$

$$= 1.005(\sqrt{1073} - \sqrt{303})^2 = 236.794 \text{ kJ/kg}$$



27. (c)



$$\gamma = \frac{C_P}{C_V} = \frac{1}{0.717} = 1.3947$$

$$W_T = C_P(T_3 - T_4) = 336.5$$

$$T_3 - T_4 = 336.5$$

$$T_3 - 700 = 336.5$$

$$T_3 = 1036.5 \text{ K}$$

or
or

$$\frac{P_3}{P_4} = \left(\frac{T_3}{T_4}\right)^{\frac{\gamma}{\gamma-1}} = \left(\frac{1036.5}{700}\right)^{\frac{1.3947}{0.3947}} = 4$$

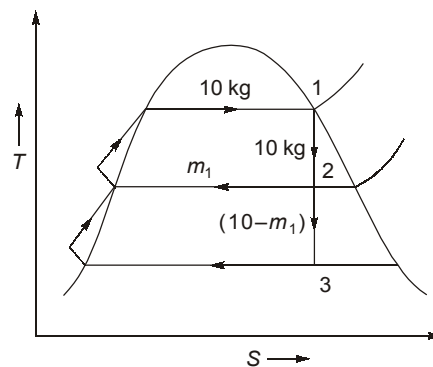
28. (d)

$$W_{\max} = C_P [\sqrt{T_{\max}} - \sqrt{T_{\min}}]^2$$

$$W_{\max} = C_P [\sqrt{1000} - \sqrt{400}]^2$$

$$W_{\max} = C_P [11.6227]^2 = 135 C_P$$

29. (a)



$$W_T = 10(h_1 - h_2) + (10 - m_1)(h_2 - h_3)$$

$$W_T = 10(3200 - 2900) + 8.5(2900 - 2350) T$$

$$W_T = 7675 \times 10^3 \text{ W} = \frac{7675 \times 10^3}{10^6} = 7.675 \text{ MW}$$

30. (b)

$$\eta = \eta_1 + \eta_2 - \eta_1 \eta_2 = 0.48 + 0.37 - 0.48 \times 0.37 = 0.6724$$

